

马比木根的化学成分研究

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摘要: 通过硅胶、MCI 和 Sephadex LH-20 反复柱层析、纯化, 从马比木根的甲醇提取物中分离得到 14 个化合物, 运用现代波谱技术鉴定为 β -谷甾醇(1), β -胡萝卜苷(2), 7-酮基- β -谷甾醇(3), β -sitosteryl-3-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside-2'-*O*-palmitate(4), 5 α , 6 β -二羟基胡萝卜苷(5), 羽扇豆醇(6), 3-乙酰氧基-12-齐墩果烯-28 醇(7), 喜树碱(8), 9-甲氧基喜树碱(9), 10-羟基喜树碱(10), 9-methoxy-mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside(11), mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside(12), (3*S*)-pumiloside(13), (-)-(3*S*)-1, 2, 3, 4- tetrahydro- β -carboline-3-carboxylic acid(14)。化合物 1~7, 9~14 为首次从该植物中分离得到。

关键词: 马比木; 根; 化学成分; 喜树碱

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Chemical Constituents from the Roots of *Nothapodytes pittosporoides*BAI Yong-hua^{1,2}, SONG Qi-shi^{1*}¹Laboratory of Tropical Plant Resource Science, Xishuangbanna Tropical Botanical Garden, ChineseAcademy of Sciences, Kunming 650223, China; ²University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

Abstract: Fourteen compounds were isolated and purified from the roots of *Nothapodytes pittosporoides* by column chromatography on silica gel, MCI and Sephadex LH-20. Their structures were elucidated as β -sitosterol(1), β -daucosterol(2), 7-oxo- β -sitosterol(3), β -sitosteryl-3-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside-2'-*O*-palmitate(4), 5 α , 6 β -dihydroxydaucosterol(5), lupeol(6), 3-acetoxy-12-oleanen-28-ol(7), camptothecin(8), 9-methoxy-camptothecin(9), 10-hydroxy-camptothecin(10), 9-methoxy-mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside(11), mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside(12), (3*S*)-pumiloside(13), (-)-(3*S*)-1, 2, 3, 4- tetrahydro- β -carboline-3-carboxylic acid(14). Compounds 1-7, 9-14 were obtained from this plant for the first time.

Key words: *Nothapodytes pittosporoides*; root; chemical constituent; camptothecins

马比木(*Nothapodytes pittosporoides*)为茶茱萸科假柴龙树属(*Nothapodytes sp.*)植物,又名海桐假柴龙树、公黄珠子、追风伞。马比木为灌木,分布于贵州、湖南、湖北、四川等地。入药能祛风除湿、理气散寒,主治风寒湿痹、浮肿、疝气。马比木植株中含有大量喜树碱及喜树碱的甲氧基衍生物^[1],喜树碱具有较好的抗肿瘤活性,已经成为了抗肿瘤药物的主要成分之一。马比木根中的喜树碱含量最高,而细根中的喜树碱含量最高可达 0.53%,主根次之,茎、枝、叶、花序、果实和种子也含有喜树碱,为极具价值的抗肿瘤药物资源^[2]。假柴龙树属有 7 个种,该属

植物的化学成分研究目前报道的只有青脆枝和假柴龙树,而对青脆枝的研究较多,分离到的化合物主要为喜树碱及其衍生物^[3-6]。

本文对马比木根的化学成分进行了研究,分离鉴定了 14 个化合物,其中 5 个为甾体类成分,2 个为三萜类成分,7 个为生物碱类成分。分别为: β -谷甾醇(1), β -胡萝卜苷(2),7-酮基- β -谷甾醇(3), β -sitosteryl-3-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside-2'-*O*-palmitate(4), 5 α , 6 β -二羟基胡萝卜苷(5),羽扇豆醇(6),3-乙酰氧基-12-齐墩果烯-28 醇(7),喜树碱(8),9-甲氧基喜树碱(9),10-羟基喜树碱(10),9-methoxy-mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside(11), mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside(12), (3*S*)-pumiloside(13), (-)-(3*S*)-1, 2, 3, 4- tetrahydro- β -carboline-3-carboxylic acid(14)。化合物 1~7, 9~14 为首次从该植物

中分离得到。

1 仪器与材料

熔点在 XTRC-1 显微熔点测定仪上测定;核磁共振谱用 Bruker AV-400、DRX-500 及 Avance III-600 超导核磁共振仪测定, TMS 为内标;EI-MS 用 Waters AutoSpec Premier P776 双聚焦三扇形磁质谱仪测定;柱层析硅胶(200~300目)及薄板层析硅胶(GF₂₅₄)均为青岛海洋化工厂生产;MCI 为日本三菱化学株式会社生产;凝胶材料使用 GE Healthcare 的 Sephadex LH-20。所用有机试剂均为分析纯。

马比木(*Nothapodytes pittosporoides*) 根于 2011 年 10 月采于湖南省凤凰县,并由中国科学院西双版纳热带植物园宋启示研究员鉴定,标本存放在中国科学院西双版纳热带植物园民族药研究组实验室。

2 提取与分离

将马比木根晾干,粉碎,称重得 84 kg。用 90% 甲醇加热回流提取 3 次(4, 3, 3 h)。合并提取液,减压浓缩得甲醇浸膏 4752 g,本实验取用 4252 g。将浸膏用水搅拌溶解稀释后依次用石油醚、氯仿、正丁醇萃取,每种溶剂各萃取 3 次,得到石油醚萃取物 107 g,氯仿萃取物 145 g,正丁醇萃取物 622 g。石油醚部分经硅胶柱(200~300目)层析,以石油醚-丙酮梯度洗脱(100:0, 90:10, 80:20, 60:40, 50:50, 0:100)得到六个粗组份(A1-A6);A2 经硅胶柱层析(石油醚-丙酮梯度洗脱)和 Sephadex LH-20(氯仿-甲醇洗脱)纯化,得到化合物 **6**(52 mg), **7**(46 mg);A4 经反复硅胶柱层析和 Sephadex LH-20(氯仿-甲醇洗脱)纯化,得到化合物 **5**(56 mg)。氯仿部分经硅胶柱(200~300目)层析,以石油醚-丙酮(90:10, 70:30, 60:40, 50:50, 30:70, 10:90)梯度洗脱,得到六个粗组份(B1-B6);B1 经硅胶柱层析(石油醚-丙酮梯度洗脱),其中第一个组份(5%丙酮-石油醚)经重结晶得化合物 **1**(800 mg);B2 经反复硅胶柱层析和 Sephadex LH-20 纯化,得到化合物 **2**(75 mg), **3**(52 mg), **4**(33 mg);B3 和 B5 部分经反复硅胶柱层析、MCI、重结晶和 Sephadex LH-20 纯化,从 B3 部分得到化合物 **8**(900 mg), **9**(560 mg), B5 部分得到化合物 **11**(8 mg)。正丁醇部分上大孔树脂分段,分别以 10%、30%、50%、80%、95% 比例的甲醇/水溶液和丙酮梯度洗脱得到六个组份(C1-C6);C3 部分经 MCI 柱层析和 Sephadex LH-20 纯化,得到化合物 **12**

(67 mg), **14**(46 mg);C4 经 MCI 柱层析、重结晶和 Sephadex LH-20 纯化,得到化合物 **10**(45 mg), **13**(75 mg)。

3 结构鉴定

化合物 **1** 无色针晶(氯仿), mp. 136~138 °C, 分子式为 C₂₉H₅₀O。其 ¹H NMR 图谱与 β-谷甾醇的标准图谱完全一致, TLC 上的斑点位置及显色均相同,与 β-谷甾醇标准品混合熔点不下降,所以化合物 **1** 鉴定为 β-谷甾醇。

化合物 **2** 白色粉末(甲醇), mp. 283~284 °C, 分子式为 C₃₅H₆₀O₆。其 ¹H NMR 图谱与 β-胡萝卜苷的标准图谱完全一致, TLC 上的斑点位置及显色均相同,与 β-胡萝卜苷标准品混合熔点不下降,所以化合物 **2** 鉴定为 β-胡萝卜苷。

化合物 **3** 白色粉末(甲醇), mp. 120~123 °C, 分子式为 C₂₉H₄₈O₂。¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 0.68(3H, s, H-18), 0.92(3H, d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, H-21), 1.20(3H, s, H-19), 2.03(1H, d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, H-12b), 2.24(1H, t, *J* = 11.2 Hz, H-8), 2.51(1H, d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, H-4a), 3.68(1H, t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, H-3), 5.69(1H, s, H-6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 11.93(C-18, C-29), 17.27(C-19), 18.88(C-21), 18.98(C-26), 19.78(C-27), 21.17(C-11), 22.98(C-28), 25.97(C-23), 26.29(C-15), 28.53(C-16), 29.03(C-25), 31.13(C-2), 33.87(C-22), 36.05(C-20), 36.28(C-1), 38.24(C-10), 38.63(C-12), 41.75(C-4), 43.04(C-13), 45.36(C-8), 45.74(C-24), 49.85(C-9, C-14), 54.62(C-17), 70.48(C-3), 126.08(C-6), 165.11(C-5), 202.40(C-7)。以上数据与文献^[7]报道一致,故鉴定化合物 **3** 为 7-酮基-β-谷甾醇。

化合物 **4** 白色无定形粉末, mp. 151~154 °C, 分子式为 C₅₁H₉₀O₇。EI-MS *m/z*: 414 [M-CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COOC₆H₁₀O₄]⁺, 256 [C₁₆H₃₂O₂]⁺, 239 [C₁₅H₃₁CO]⁺, 129, 73, 碎片峰中的系列峰与棕榈酸 EI-MS 图谱一致,显示含有棕榈酸。¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 0.88(3H, m, H-21), 0.94(3H, s, H-19), 1.21(18H, br s, H-5"~13"), 3.27(1H, m, H-3), 5.29(1H, s, H-6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 11.71(C-18), 11.80(C-29), 18.65(C-21), 18.88(C-26), 19.22(C-19), 19.66(C-27), 20.97(C-11), 22.92(C-28), 24.19(C-15), 26.08(C-23), 28.13

(C-16), 29.00 (C-25), 29.61 (C-2), 31.73 (C-8), 31.83 (C-7), 33.80 (C-22), 36.08 (C-20), 36.53 (C-10), 37.19 (C-1), 38.75 (C-4), 39.68 (C-12), 42.20 (C-13), 45.65 (C-24), 50.05 (C-9), 56.10 (C-17), 56.67 (C-14), 79.72 (C-3), 121.81 (C-6), 140.30 (C-5), 63.83 (C-6'), 70.48 (C-4'), 73.15 (C-2'), 73.48 (C-5'), 76.26 (C-3'), 101.24 (C-1'), 13.98 (C-16''), 22.58 (C-15''), 24.98 (C-3''), 29.72 (C-4' ~ C-13''), 29.77 (C-14''), 34.19 (C-2''), 173.94 (C-1''). 以上数据与文献^[8]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**4**为 β -sitosteryl-3-O- β -D-glucopyranoside-2'-O-palmitate。

化合物 5 白色粉末(甲醇), mp. 296 ~ 298 °C, 分子式为 $C_{35}H_{62}O_8$ 。¹H NMR (C_5D_5N , 600 MHz) δ : 0.73 (3H, s, H-18), 0.83-0.90 (9H, m, H-26, 27, 29), 0.99 (3H, m, H-21), 2.51 (1H, dd, $J = 4.5, 12.7$ Hz, H-4b), 2.96 (1H, m, H-4a), 4.17 (1H, br s, H-6), 5.68 (1H, s, H-3), 3.76 (1H, m, H-5'), 4.08 (1H, m, H-2'), 4.22 (1H, t, $J = 9.0$ Hz, H-4'), 4.42 (1H, dd, $J = 5.1, 11.9$ Hz, H-6'b), 4.52 (1H, dd, $J = 2.2, 11.9$ Hz, H-6'a), 4.98 (1H, d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, H-1'); ¹³C NMR (C_5D_5N , 150 MHz) δ : 12.61 (C-29), 12.83 (C-18), 17.49 (C-19), 19.45 (C-21), 19.67 (C-26), 20.47 (C-27), 22.16 (C-11), 23.80 (C-28), 25.13 (C-15), 26.84 (C-23), 29.15 (C-16), 29.85 (C-25), 30.31 (C-2), 31.66 (C-8), 33.54 (C-1), 34.64 (C-22), 36.11 (C-7), 37.02 (C-20), 39.09 (C-4), 39.63 (C-10), 41.06 (C-12), 43.49 (C-13), 46.26 (C-9), 46.47 (C-24), 56.98 (C-14), 57.03 (C-17), 75.40 (C-3), 75.99 (C-5), 76.80 (C-6), 63.16 (C-6'), 71.98 (C-4'), 75.80 (C-2'), 78.85 (C-5'), 79.08 (C-3'), 102.67 (C-1')。以上数据与文献^[9]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**5**为 $5\alpha, 6\beta$ -二羟基胡萝卜苷。

化合物 6 白色针状结晶(丙酮), mp. 215 ~ 216 °C, 分子式为 $C_{30}H_{50}O_6$ 。¹H NMR ($CDCl_3$, 400 MHz) δ : 0.76 (3H, s, H-24), 0.78 (3H, s, H-28), 0.82 (3H, s, H-25), 0.94 (3H, s, H-27), 0.96 (3H, s, H-23), 1.02 (3H, s, H-26), 1.68 (3H, s, H-30), 3.19 (1H, dd, $J = 11.1, 4.8$ Hz, H-3), 4.56 (1H, s, H-29a), 4.68 (1H, s, H-29b); ¹³C NMR ($CDCl_3$, 100 MHz) δ : 14.50 (C-27), 15.34 (C-24), 15.93 (C-26), 16.10 (C-25), 17.96 (C-28), 18.27 (C-6), 19.26 (C-30), 20.87 (C-11), 25.07 (C-12), 27.36 (C-15),

27.39 (C-2), 27.95 (C-23), 29.68 (C-21), 34.21 (C-7), 35.53 (C-16), 37.11 (C-10), 37.98 (C-13), 38.64 (C-1), 38.82 (C-4), 39.96 (C-22), 40.77 (C-8), 42.78 (C-14), 42.96 (C-17), 47.95 (C-19), 48.28 (C-18), 50.37 (C-9), 55.23 (C-5), 78.97 (C-3), 109.30 (C-29), 150.98 (C-20)。以上数据与文献^[10]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**6**为羽扇豆醇。

化合物 7 白色结晶(丙酮), 分子式为 $C_{32}H_{52}O_3$ 。¹H NMR ($CDCl_3$, 400 Hz) δ : 0.94 (3H, s, H-27), 0.96 (3H, s, H-23), 1.16 (9H, s, 30), 2.05 (3H, s, CH_3COO), 3.21 (1H, d, $J = 10.9$ Hz, H-28a), 3.55 (1H, d, $J = 10.9$ Hz, H-28b), 4.49 (1H, m, H-3), 5.19 (1H, br s, H-12); ¹³C NMR ($CDCl_3$, 100 MHz) δ : 15.55 (C-25), 16.66 (C-24), 16.66 (C-26), 18.18 (C-6), 21.32 ($CH_3C=O$), 21.90 (C-16), 23.48 (C-2, C-11, C-22), 23.54 (C-29), 25.46 (C-15), 25.86 (C-27), 27.98 (C-23), 30.92 (C-20), 32.43 (C-7), 33.16 (C-30), 34.01 (C-21), 36.89 (C-10), 37.66 (C-4), 38.20 (C-1), 39.73 (C-8), 41.65 (C-17), 42.28 (C-18), 46.34 (C-19), 47.43 (C-9), 51.07 (C-14), 55.17 (C-50), 69.70 (C-28), 80.86 (C-3), 122.23 (C-12), 144.16 (C-13), 171.06 (C=O)。以上数据与文献^[11]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**7**为 3-乙酰氧基-12-齐墩果烯-28 醇。

化合物 8 浅黄色针晶(氯仿), mp. 265 ~ 270 °C, 分子式为 $C_{20}H_{16}N_2O_4$ 。¹H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz) δ : 0.88 (3H, t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, H-18), 1.86 (2H, m, H-19), 5.27 (2H, s, H-5), 5.42 (2H, s, H-17), 7.34 (1H, s, H-14), 7.70 (1H, t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, H-10), 7.85 (1H, t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, H-11), 8.11 (1H, d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, H-9), 8.16 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-12), 8.68 (1H, s, H-7); ¹³C NMR (DMSO, 100 MHz) δ : 7.82 (C-18), 30.29 (C-19), 50.27 (C-5), 65.29 (C-17), 72.42 (C-20), 96.74 (C-14), 119.10 (C-16), 127.70 (C-10), 127.98 (C-8), 128.54 (C-9), 129.06 (C-12), 129.87 (C-6), 130.43 (C-11), 131.59 (C-7), 145.51 (C-3), 147.94 (C-13), 150.03 (C-15), 152.58 (C-2), 156.86 (C-16a), 172.54 (C-21)。以上数据与文献^[12]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**8**为喜树碱。

化合物 9 浅黄色针晶(氯仿), mp. 255 ~ 260 °C 分子式为 $C_{21}H_{18}N_2O_5$ 。¹H NMR (DMSO, 500 MHz) δ : 0.87 (3H, t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, H-18), 1.86 (2H, m, H-19), 4.03 (3H, s, OCH_3), 5.24 (2H, s, H-5), 5.42

(2H, s, H-17), 6.54 (1H, s, OH), 7.15 (1H, d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, H-10), 7.31 (1H, s, H-14), 7.71 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, H-12), 7.76 (1H, m, H-11), 8.84 (1H, s, H-7); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO, 125 MHz) δ : 7.70 (C-18), 30.38 (C-19), 50.44 (C-5), 56.14 (OCH₃), 65.25 (C-17), 72.34 (C-20), 96.72 (C-14), 105.95 (C-10), 119.03 (C-16), 120.09 (C-8), 121.02 (C-12), 126.02 (C-7), 129.07 (C-6), 130.58 (C-11), 145.47 (C-3), 148.78 (C-13), 149.95 (C-15), 152.64 (C-2), 154.90 (C-9), 156.84 (C-16a), 172.39 (C-21)。以上数据与文献报道^[3]一致,故鉴定化合物**9**为9-甲氧基喜树碱。

化合物 10 浅黄色粉末,分子式为 C₂₀H₁₆N₂O₅。 ^1H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz) δ : 0.86 (3H, t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, H-18), 1.84 (2H, m, H-19), 5.21 (2H, s, H-5), 5.39 (2H, s, H-17), 7.24 (1H, s, H-14), 7.26 (s, 1H, H-9), 7.40 (1H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz, H-11), 8.00 (1H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, H-12), 8.43 (1H, s, H-7); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO, 100 MHz) δ : 7.85 (C-18), 30.27 (C-19), 50.22 (C-5), 65.30 (C-17), 72.49 (C-20), 95.95 (C-14), 108.86 (C-9), 118.19 (C-16), 123.12 (C-11), 129.35 (C-8), 129.75 (C-7), 130.00 (C-9), 130.72 (C-12), 143.27 (C-13), 145.97 (C-3), 149.48 (C-2), 150.16 (C-15), 156.73 (C-10), 156.95 (C-16a), 172.65 (C-21)。以上数据与文献^[13]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**10**为10-羟基喜树碱。

化合物 11 浅黄色粉末,分子式为 C₂₆H₃₀N₂O₈。EI-MS m/z : 521 [M + Na]⁺。 ^1H NMR (DMSO, 600 MHz) δ : 0.85 (3H, t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, H-18), 1.70 ~ 1.87 (2H, m, H-19), 2.15 (3H, s, H-17), 3.90 (1H, d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, H-1'), 4.03 (3H, s, OCH₃), 5.21 (2H, s, H-5), 7.14 (1H, d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, H-10), 7.35 (1H, s, H-14), 8.81 (1H, s, H-7); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO, 150 MHz) δ : 9.77 (C-18), 11.95 (C-17), 28.45 (C-19), 50.49 (C-5), 56.22 (OCH₃), 74.07 (C-20), 98.84 (C-14), 105.77 (C-10), 119.82 (C-16), 121.00 (C-12), 125.97 (C-11), 127.02 (C-8), 129.06 (C-6), 130.58 (C-7), 142.57 (C-3), 148.84 (C-13), 149.33 (C-15), 153.51 (C-2), 155.01 (C-9), 160.49 (C-16a), 61.25 (C-6'), 70.40 (C-4'), 73.67 (C-2'), 76.82 (C-3'), 77.34 (C-5'), 99.62 (C-1')。根据文献^[3,6]报道,鉴定化合物**11**为9-methoxy-mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside。

化合物 12 黄色粉末,分子式为 C₂₅H₂₈N₂O₇。 ^1H NMR (DMSO, 600 MHz) δ : 0.86 (3H, t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, H-18), 1.73 (1H, m, H-19), 1.84 (1H, m, H-19), 2.17 (3H, s, H-17), 3.92 (1H, d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, H-1'), 5.20 (2H, d, $J = 10.7$ Hz, H-5), 7.34 (1H, s, H-14), 7.66 (1H, t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, H-10), 7.81 (1H, m, H-11), 8.07 (1H, d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, H-9), 8.12 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-12), 8.62 (1H, s, H-7); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO, 150 MHz) δ : 9.80 (C-18), 11.97 (C-17), 28.48 (C-19), 50.22 (C-5), 74.13 (C-20), 98.88 (C-14), 127.04 (C-16), 127.43 (C-10), 127.83 (C-8), 128.63 (C-9), 128.94 (C-12), 129.73 (C-6), 130.37 (C-11), 131.50 (C-7), 142.56 (C-3), 147.97 (C-13), 149.40 (C-15), 153.36 (C-2), 160.50 (C-16a), 61.27 (C-6'), 70.42 (C-4'), 73.69 (C-2'), 76.85 ((C-3'), 77.36 (C-5'), 99.66 (C-1')。以上数据与文献^[3]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**12**为 mappicine-20-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside。

化合物 13 白色粉末,分子式为 C₂₆H₂₈N₂O₈。 ^1H NMR (DMSO, 400 MHz) δ : 2.01 (1H, m, H-14), 2.63 (1H, m, H-20), 2.99 (1H, m, H-2'), 3.16 (2H, m, H-3', 5'), 3.68 (1H, m, H-6'), 4.31 (1H, d, $J = 14.0$ Hz, H-5), 4.46 (1H, d, $J = 13.6$ Hz, H-5), 4.53 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, H-1'), 4.74 (1H, d, $J = 10.9$ Hz, H-3), 5.33 (1H, d, $J = 11.6$ Hz, H-18), 5.44 (1H, m, H-18), 5.78 (1H, m, H-19), 7.04 (1H, d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, H-17), 7.33 ((1H, t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, H-10), 7.59 (1H, d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, H-12), 7.66 (1H, m, H-11), 8.11 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, H-9), 12.15 (1H, s, N-H); ^{13}C NMR (DMSO, 100 MHz) δ : 23.67 (C-15), 28.17 (C-14), 43.62 (C-20), 47.53 (C-5), 59.47 (C-3), 94.81 (C-21), 108.62 (C-16), 113.02 (C-6), 118.40 (C-12), 120.63 (C-18), 123.36 (C-10), 124.78 (C-9), 125.29 (C-8), 131.24 (C-11), 132.46 (C-19), 140.39 (C-13), 145.18 (C-17), 149.84 (C-2), 164.05 (C-16a), 173.07 (C-7), 61.10 (C-6'), 70.10 (C-4'), 73.19 (C-2'), 76.47 (C-3'), 77.32 (C-5'), 97.79 (C-1')。以上数据与文献^[14]报道一致,故鉴定化合物**13**为(3S)-pumiloside。

化合物 14 白色粉末,分子式为 C₁₂H₁₂N₂O₂。 ^1H NMR (C₅D₅N, 400 MHz) δ : 3.71 (2H, m, H-4), 4.98 (1H, m, H-3), 5.42 (2H, m, H-1); ^{13}C NMR

(C_5D_5N , 100 MHz) δ : 24.03 (C-4), 41.92 (C-1), 56.95 (C-3), 106.84 (C-4a), 113.18 (C-8), 119.17 (C-5), 120.36 (C-7), 122.95 (C-6), 127.52 (C-4b), 128.27 (C-9a), 138.19 (C-8a), 173.71 (COOH)。以上数据与文献^[15]报道一致,故鉴定化合物 **14** 为 (-)-(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro- β -carboline-3-carboxylic acid。

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